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2. *Asplenium montanum*, Willd.—Mr. Bower showed us recently a specimen of this fern, gathered by Mr. H. Denslow from the precipitous rocks that form the banks of Lake Mohunk, Paltz Point, Ulster Co., N. Y. Mr. Bower expects that *Aspidium fragrans*, Swartz, and *Asplenium montanum* may yet be found growing together in some common locality.

3. New Stations.—*Coronilla varia*, DC., grows luxuriantly a short distance north of Guttenburgh Brewery and not far from the river. It seems to be thoroughly established and naturalized, spreading in the open spaces of the wood. I first found it in 1869. G. M. WILBER.—*Limnanthemum lacunosum*, Griseb., Babylon, L. I. J. S. M.

4. Lace Lichen.—As some of our readers wished to have the correct name of this curious and beautiful plant, we applied to Prof. Tuckerman, from whom we received the following statement: "This lichen is one of the most remarkable of the characteristic species of the West Coast, where it is abundant. Its proper name is *Ramalina reticulata*, (Noehd.) Krimpolh, but Menzies, who discovered it, called it (in herb.) *R. retiformis*, under which name I briefly referred to it in *Syn. Lich. N. Eng.*, 1848. Dr. Taylor had, however, called it *R. Menziesii* in *Hook. Jour. of Bot.*, 1847, and I published it, therefore, under this name in my *Lich. Amer. Sept.*, No. 57. But the name *Lichen reticulatus* is much older than either of these."

5. New Publications.—1. *Report of the Botanist of the New York State Museum of Natural History*, Jan. 1872.—Mr. Peck must have been very industrious, as he reports collecting "two hundred and ninety-nine species new to the State, and eighty-seven new to science, two of them representing two new genera"—a statement which implies a vast amount of labor, aside from the mounting specimens and the general care of the herbarium. He has, besides, received from others seventy-six additions to the flora of the State, and three of them new species. The plants new to science are of course the lower cryptogams, all of them, we believe, fungi, to which Mr. Peck and other botanists in the State seem to be more especially devoting themselves. Among the new species we notice as of interest to the Club, *Puccinia Gerardii*, Peck, and *Æcidium Allenii*, Clinton. Mr. Peck gives directions for poisoning and pressing fungi, derived from his experience, and also what appears to be a very useful synopsis of the difficult genera *Clavaria* and *Æcidium*. He finds in all sixty edible fungi in the State.

Credit is given to contributors for the plants sent, but justice would seem to require that the collector should be named as well, when his name accompanies the label. The keen eye of Dr. Allen detected *Wolffia* while he was riding on a stage coach among the Catskills; Mr. Denslow bequeathed specimens of *Galactia mollis* and *Commelyna Virginica* to the State Herbarium; and Messrs. Bower and Ruger discovered *Frangula* on Long Island, as has been reported in the Bulletin.

2. *Clarence King's Report of the Botany of the 40th Parallel* has been noticed by Dr. Gray in the *American Journal* for Jan., and we are promised a fuller review of this important contribution to